

Some of the capabilities and potential of Lorestan province

1. Lorestan province with an area of about 28 064 sq. Km² that include 1.7 percent of the whole territory of Iran, which has a good geographical position in the West and neighboring to large agricultural, industrial centers and deploy on road transit axes and rails to north - south and east-west of the country.
2. It benefits Azna's Special economic zone and permit to establish two special economic zones (Khorram abad-Boroujerd)
3. A Variety of climates and about 800 thousand hectares Of fertile farmland and 2 million hectares of forest and pasture.
4. The existence of rich surface water resources of big rivers as large as 2,500 kilometers like Seymareh, Kashkan, the amount suspended, Caesar ... and abundant water resources.
5. There is 12.4 billion cubic meter of surface water resources (equals to 11% of the country's surface water).
6. Take advantage of water resources for developing of irrigated agriculture and the chain industrial foods .
7. The possibility of creating and reinforcing linkages the northern regions to the south and west to the central parts of the country.
8. Ease of access to some of the most important ports in the south.
9. The advantages of the opportunities to develop the industry with the neighboring industrial provinces in the form of chain and net industry.
10. It has Substantial oil and gas resources and benefits from network to transfer petroleum and petroleum products .
11. Passing two-line pipe of etilen and transferring it to the West of the province, to build petrochemical plants and ...

12. The existence of nonmetallic minerals capable to export , especially marble stone (limestone, gypsum, granite, marble, quartz, etc.), talc, silica, dolomite, etc., and capable of processing industries.
13. It takes the advantages of privilege of tax exemption.
14. Navigating the web transmission, transformation and distribution of high voltage lines and the related substations .
15. The proper capability and enjoyment of hydroelectric power (big and small) and the possibility of exporting electricity.
16. Taking advantage of the young labor force to develop the sectors of industry and services in the province.
17. High ranking in agricultural products (pomegranates, figs, walnuts, herbs, saffron, etc.), crops (wheat, barley, legumes, forage plants, etc.), fruits and vegetables and livestock products (milk, meat, leather ...), poultry, aquaculture (ranked first in the country in the production and reproduction of fish) and bee keeping.
18. Using rich natural resources to develop the food industry and related services.
19. the development of tourism activities, identify and record 3500 historical place and monuments and benefiting from biodiversity and natural, cultural and historical attractions .
20. the development of industry of tourism, history, sports, culture, religion, nature and recreation.